



# Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering 30 Credits – 3 Months

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## **ICTQual AB**

## Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering

## 30 Credits – 3 Months

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## **Qualification Specifications about**

## ICTQual Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering 30 Credits – 3 Months

### **About ICTQual AB**

ICTQual AB UK Ltd. is a distinguished awarding body based in the United Kingdom, dedicated to fostering excellence in education, training, and skills development. Committed to global standards, ICTQual AB provides internationally recognized qualifications that empower individuals and organizations to thrive in an increasingly competitive world. Their offerings span diverse industries, including technical fields, health and safety, management, and more, ensuring relevance and adaptability to modern workforce needs.

The organization prides itself on delivering high-quality educational solutions through a network of Approved Training Centres worldwide. Their robust curriculum and innovative teaching methodologies are designed to equip learners with practical knowledge and skills for personal and professional growth. With a mission to inspire lifelong learning and drive positive change, ICTQual AB continuously evolves its programs to stay ahead of industry trends and technological advancements.

ICTQual AB's vision is to set benchmarks for educational excellence while promoting inclusivity and integrity. Their unwavering focus on quality and accessibility makes them a trusted partner in shaping future-ready professionals and advancing societal progress globally.

### **Course Overview**

The ICTQual Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering is a comprehensive 3-month program, worth 30 credits, designed to provide learners with a strong foundation in mechanical engineering. This qualification covers core areas such as mechanics, material properties, and engineering design, with an emphasis on practical skills. Students will explore the principles of force, motion, and energy, learn about various engineering materials, and gain an introduction to CAD (Computer-Aided Design). These skills are vital for understanding and applying mechanical engineering concepts in real-world scenarios.

This diploma equips students for entry-level positions such as mechanical engineering assistant, junior design technician, or maintenance support specialist. It also serves as a stepping stone for further qualifications, including apprenticeships or higher-level diplomas in mechanical engineering. For those already employed in the industry, the qualification enhances career progression by reinforcing foundational knowledge and opening doors to specialization in areas like CAD design or manufacturing

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## **Certification Framework**

Qualification title	Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering 30 Credits – 3 Months	
Course ID	ME0005	
Qualification Credits	30 Credits	
Course Duration	Three Months	
Grading Type	Pass / Fail	
<b>Competency Evaluation</b>	Coursework / Assignments / Verifiable Experience	
	<ul> <li>stages:</li> <li>Internal Assessment and Verification:</li> <li>✓ Conducted by the staff at the Approved Training Centre (ATC). Ensures learners meet the required standards through continuous assessments.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>✓ Internal quality assurance (IQA) is carried out by the centre's IQA staff to validate the assessment processes.</li> <li>External Quality Assurance:</li> <li>✓ Managed by ICTQual AB verifiers, who periodically review the centre's assessment and IQA processes.</li> <li>✓ Verifies that assessments are conducted to the required standards and ensures consistency across centres</li> </ul>	

## Entry Requirements

To enroll in the ICTQual Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering 30 Credits – 3 Months, candidates must meet the following entry requirements:

- ✓ Applicants must be at least 16 years old.
- ✓ A minimum of Level 1 qualification (or equivalent) in a related field such as engineering, or science. Alternatively, applicants should have at least GCSEs or equivalent qualifications, including Mathematics and English.
- ✓ While no prior engineering experience is required, applicants with a background or basic exposure to technical or engineering concepts may find the course easier to navigate.
- ✓ For non-native English speakers, proof of English language proficiency.

### **Qualification Structure**

This qualification comprises 3 mandatory units, totaling 30 credits. Candidates must successfully complete all mandatory units to achieve the qualification.



Mandatory Units		
Unit Ref#	Unit Title	Credits
ME0005-1	Mechanical Engineering Principles	10
ME0005-2	Engineering Materials and Processes	10
ME0005-3	Engineering Design Fundamentals	10

### **Centre Requirements**

Even if a centre is already registered with ICTQual AB, it must meet specific requirements to deliver the ICTQual Level 2 Diploma in Mechanical Engineering 30 Credits – 3 Months. These standards ensure the quality and consistency of training, assessment, and learner support.

#### **1.** Approval to Deliver the Qualification

- ✓ Centres must obtain formal approval from ICTQual AB to deliver this specific qualification, even if they are already registered.
- ✓ The approval process includes a review of resources, staff qualifications, and policies relevant to the program.

#### 2. Qualified Staff

- ✓ Tutors: Must have relevant qualifications in mechanical engineering or construction at Level 3 or higher, alongside teaching/training experience.
- ✓ Assessors: Must hold a recognized assessor qualification and demonstrate expertise in Mechanical Engineering.
- ✓ Internal Quality Assurers (IQAs): Must be appropriately qualified and experienced to monitor the quality of assessments.

#### **3. Learning Facilities**

Centres must have access to appropriate learning facilities, which include:

- ✓ Classrooms: Modern, well-equipped spaces with advanced multimedia tools to deliver engaging theoretical instruction in mechanical engineering concepts and design principles.
- ✓ Practical Areas: Hands-on training areas featuring cutting-edge tools, machinery, and equipment such as lathes, milling machines, welding stations, and 3D printers for real-world practice and assessments.
- ✓ **Technology Access:** High-performance computers with industry-standard software (e.g., CAD, CAM, FEA) and reliable internet connectivity to support technical design, analysis, and project work.

#### 4. Health and Safety Compliance

- ✓ Centres must ensure that practical training environments comply with relevant health and safety regulations.
- ✓ Risk assessments must be conducted regularly to maintain a safe learning environment.

#### 5. Resource Requirements



- ✓ Learning Materials: Approved course manuals, textbooks, and study guides aligned with the curriculum.
- ✓ Assessment Tools: Templates, guidelines, and resources for conducting and recording assessments.
- ✓ E-Learning Systems: If offering online or hybrid learning, centres must provide a robust Learning Management System (LMS) to facilitate remote delivery.

#### 6. Assessment and Quality Assurance

- ✓ Centres must adhere to ICTQual's assessment standards, ensuring that all assessments are fair, valid, and reliable.
- ✓ Internal quality assurance (IQA) processes must be in place to monitor assessments and provide feedback to assessors.
- ✓ External verification visits from ICTQual will ensure compliance with awarding body standards.

#### 7. Learner Support

- ✓ Centres must provide learners with access to guidance and support throughout the program, including:
- ✓ Academic support for coursework.
- ✓ Career guidance for future progression.
- ✓ Additional support for learners with specific needs (e.g., disabilities or language barriers).

#### 8. Policies and Procedures

Centres must maintain and implement the following policies, as required by ICTQual:

- ✓ Equal Opportunities Policy.
- ✓ Health and Safety Policy.
- ✓ Safeguarding Policies and Procedures.
- ✓ Complaints and Appeals Procedure.
- ✓ Data Protection and Confidentiality Policy.

#### 9. Regular Reporting to ICTQual

- ✓ Centres must provide regular updates to ICTQual AB on learner enrollment, progress, and completion rates.
- Centres are required to maintain records of assessments and learner achievements for external auditing purposes.

## Support for Candidates

Centres should ensure that materials developed to support candidates:

- ✓ Facilitate tracking of achievements as candidates progress through the learning outcomes and assessment criteria.
- $\checkmark$  Include information on how and where ICTQual's policies and procedures can be accessed.
- ✓ Provide mechanisms for Internal and External Quality Assurance staff to verify and authenticate evidence effectively.



This approach ensures transparency, supports candidates' learning journeys, and upholds quality assurance standards.

### Assessment

This qualification is competence-based, requiring candidates to demonstrate proficiency as defined in the qualification units. The assessment evaluates the candidate's skills, knowledge, and understanding against the set standards. Key details include:

#### 1. Assessment Process:

- ✓ Must be conducted by an experienced and qualified assessor.
- ✓ Candidates compile a portfolio of evidence that satisfies all learning outcomes and assessment criteria for each unit.

#### 2. Types of Evidence:

- ✓ Observation reports by the assessor.
- ✓ Assignments, projects, or reports.
- ✓ Professional discussions.
- ✓ Witness testimonies.
- ✓ Candidate-produced work.
- ✓ Worksheets.
- ✓ Records of oral and written questioning.
- ✓ Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

#### 3. Learning Outcomes and Assessment Criteria:

- ✓ Learning Outcomes: Define what candidates should know, understand, or accomplish upon completing the unit.
- Assessment Criteria: Detail the standards candidates must meet to demonstrate that the learning outcomes have been achieved.

This framework ensures rigorous and consistent evaluation of candidates' competence in line with the qualification's objectives.



## Unit Descriptors

#### ME0005 -1 Mechanical Engineering Principles

The aim of this study unit is to provide learners with a comprehensive understanding of the foundational principles of mechanical engineering, including the concepts of force, motion, and energy. It equips learners with the analytical skills necessary to assess basic mechanical systems using core laws of physics.

Learning Outcome:	Assessment Criteria:
1. Understand and explain the basic principles of	1.1. Accurately define the fundamental concepts
<ol> <li>Understand and explain the basic principles of mechanics, including force, motion, and energy.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>1.1. Accurately define the fundamental concepts of mechanics, including force, motion, and energy.</li> <li>1.2. Explain the relationship between force, motion, and energy using appropriate scientific principles.</li> <li>1.3. Demonstrate an understanding of Newton's Laws of Motion and their applications in realworld scenarios.</li> <li>1.4. Analyze and explain the various types of forces (e.g., gravitational, frictional, applied) and their effects on motion.</li> <li>1.5. Discuss the concept of energy and its different forms, including kinetic, potential, and mechanical energy.</li> <li>1.6. Apply the principle of conservation of energy to simple mechanical systems.</li> <li>1.7. Identify and explain the basic equations used in mechanics, such as F=ma and the workenergy theorem.</li> <li>1.8. Illustrate and explain how energy is transferred or transformed in mechanical processes.</li> </ul>
	1.9. Solve basic problems involving force, motion, and energy using appropriate formulas and units.
2. Analyze simple mechanical systems using fundamental laws of physics.	2.1. Demonstrate a clear understanding of basic mechanical systems and their components, identifying key elements involved in the system's operation.
	<ul> <li>2.2. Apply fundamental laws of physics, such as Newton's Laws of Motion, work-energy principles, and conservation of energy, to analyze mechanical systems.</li> <li>2.3. Identify the forces acting on various parts of a</li> </ul>



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	mechanical system and calculate their effects
	based on physical principles.
	2.4. Evaluate the motion of objects within a
	mechanical system, considering factors like
	velocity, acceleration, and force interactions.
	2.5. Solve problems related to mechanical systems
	by calculating forces, energy, and power in
	different contexts, ensuring accuracy in
	computations.
	2.6. Analyze static and dynamic systems,
	distinguishing between equilibrium conditions
	and non-equilibrium behavior.
	2.7. Use mathematical models to predict the
	behavior of mechanical systems, ensuring
	correct application of formulas and physical
	constants.
	2.8. Interpret experimental data and apply
	theoretical principles to validate the analysis
	of mechanical systems.
	2.9. Communicate analysis findings effectively,
	presenting solutions to mechanical system
	problems in a clear and concise manner.
3. Identify key components of mechanical systems	3.1. Identify and describe the key components of
and their functions in industrial applications.	mechanical systems, such as gears, pulleys,
	belts, shafts, and bearings, within the context
	of industrial applications.
	3.2. Explain the function of each component in
	terms of its role in transmitting force, motion,
	and energy within a mechanical system.
	3.3. Analyze the integration of components to
	form a complete mechanical system,
	highlighting their interdependence in
	highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes.
	highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes. 3.4. Assess the operational conditions and
	highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes. 3.4. Assess the operational conditions and limitations of each component, including
	highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes. 3.4. Assess the operational conditions and limitations of each component, including factors such as load-bearing capacity, speed,
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	<ul> <li>highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes.</li> <li>3.4. Assess the operational conditions and limitations of each component, including factors such as load-bearing capacity, speed, and durability.</li> <li>3.5. Recognize the materials commonly used for</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes.</li> <li>3.4. Assess the operational conditions and limitations of each component, including factors such as load-bearing capacity, speed, and durability.</li> <li>3.5. Recognize the materials commonly used for each component, considering their</li> </ul>
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	<ul> <li>highlighting their interdependence in industrial processes.</li> <li>3.4. Assess the operational conditions and limitations of each component, including factors such as load-bearing capacity, speed, and durability.</li> <li>3.5. Recognize the materials commonly used for each component, considering their mechanical properties and suitability for specific industrial applications.</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>industrial settings.</li> <li>3.7. Identify common failure modes of mechanical components in industrial systems and propose solutions or preventative measures.</li> <li>3.8. Understand the importance of maintenance and monitoring of mechanical components to ensure optimal performance and reduce downtime in industrial applications.</li> <li>3.9. Evaluate the impact of component selection on the overall cost, reliability, and sustainability of industrial mechanical systems.</li> </ul>
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#### **ME0005 -2** Engineering Materials and Processes

The aim of this study unit is to provide learners with a comprehensive understanding of engineering materials and processes. It focuses on recognizing and describing the properties of common materials such as metals, polymers, and composites, as well as understanding the criteria for selecting appropriate materials for specific engineering applications.

Learning Outcome:	Assessment Criteria:
1. Recognize and describe the properties of	1.1. Identify and classify common engineering
common engineering materials such as metals,	materials, including metals, polymers, and
polymers, and composites.	composites, based on their basic properties
	and characteristics.
	1.2. Describe the physical properties of metals,
	such as strength, ductility, hardness, and
	conductivity, and their relevance to
	engineering applications.
	1.3. Recognize the types of polymers
	(thermoplastics, thermosets, elastomers) and
	describe their properties, including flexibility,
	chemical resistance, and thermal stability. 1.4. Explain the mechanical properties of
	composites, such as strength-to-weight ratio,
	stiffness, and impact resistance, and how they
	are engineered for specific uses.
	1.5. Compare the advantages and limitations of
	different materials in terms of cost, ease of
	manufacturing, and performance in various
	environments.
	1.6. Understand the impact of material properties
	on the design and functionality of engineering
	components and systems.
	1.7. Describe the influence of temperature,
	pressure, and environmental factors on the
	properties of materials and their suitability for
	particular applications. 1.8. Identify the common testing methods used to
	evaluate the properties of materials, including
	tensile, hardness, and impact tests.
	1.9. Recognize the role of material selection in
	ensuring safety, efficiency, and sustainability
	in engineering projects.
2 Understand the exiteria for colecting materials	2.1. Identify the key factors influencing material
2. Understand the criteria for selecting materials for specific engineering applications.	2.1. Identify the key factors influencing material selection, including mechanical properties
	(strength, toughness, hardness), thermal
	properties (conductivity, expansion), and



	chemical resistance.
	2.2. Evaluate the environmental conditions, such
	as temperature, humidity, and exposure to
	chemicals, that influence the performance
	and longevity of materials in specific
	applications.
	2.3. Consider the economic aspects of material
	selection, including cost, availability, and ease
	of processing or manufacturing.
	2.4. Assess the material's ability to meet the
	required durability, wear resistance, and
	fatigue strength in the context of the
	application.
	2.5. Examine the material's environmental impact,
	including sustainability, recyclability, and
	compliance with environmental regulations.
	2.6. Ensure compatibility with other materials in
	multi-material systems, considering issues like
	corrosion, wear, and thermal expansion.
	2.7. Evaluate the manufacturing processes
	required for the material, including ease of
	fabrication, machining, welding, and joining
	techniques.
	2.8. Consider the material's aesthetic properties
	and surface finish, where relevant, for
	consumer-facing products.
	2.9. Balance performance requirements with
	practical constraints, ensuring material
	selection optimizes overall system
	performance and reliability.
3. Explain basic manufacturing processes, including	3.1. Describe machining processes such as turning,
machining, forming, and assembly.	milling, drilling, and grinding, focusing on how
	they are used to shape and refine materials
	by removing excess material.
	3.2. Explain the principles of forming processes,
	including casting, forging, extrusion, and
	stamping, where materials are shaped by
	applying heat, pressure, or both.
	3.3. Discuss the role of additive manufacturing (3D
	printing) in producing complex shapes by
	layer-by-layer material deposition.
	3.4. Identify common assembly processes such as
	welding, brazing, soldering, and fastening,
	which join components together to form



finished products.
3.5. Explain the use of non-traditional manufacturing processes like electrical
discharge machining (EDM) and laser cutting,
highlighting their applications in precision engineering.
3.6. Describe the factors influencing process
selection, including material properties, part
geometry, tolerances, and production volume.
3.7. Discuss the importance of quality control
measures in manufacturing processes to
ensure dimensional accuracy, surface finish, and overall product reliability.
3.8. Understand the concept of lean
manufacturing and how it aims to reduce
waste, improve efficiency, and optimize production workflows.
3.9. Recognize the impact of automation and
digital technologies (e.g., CNC machines,
robotic assembly) on modern manufacturing
processes, improving speed and precision.



#### ME0005 -3 Engineering Design Fundamentals

The aim of this study unit is to provide learners with a foundational understanding of engineering design principles, emphasizing the importance of efficient and effective design processes. Through the exploration of basic technical drawings and schematics, learners will develop the ability to interpret and apply design concepts.

Learning Outcome:	Assessment Criteria:
1. Understand the principles of engineering design	1.1. Understand the basic principles of
and the importance of efficient designs.	engineering design, including problem
	definition, concept generation, detailed
	design, prototyping, and testing.
	1.2. Recognize the importance of balancing
	functionality, performance, cost, and
	manufacturability in creating efficient
	engineering designs.
	1.3. Consider the principles of ergonomics and
	user-centered design, ensuring that products
	are comfortable, safe, and accessible for
	users.
	1.4. Evaluate the impact of design decisions on the sustainability of a product, including material
	selection, energy efficiency, and waste
	reduction.
	1.5. Understand the role of design iteration,
	where designs are continuously refined based
	on feedback, testing, and performance
	analysis.
	1.6. Apply the concept of design for
	manufacturability (DFM) to ensure that
	designs are easy to produce with minimal
	complexity and cost.
	1.7. Emphasize the significance of reliability and
	durability in engineering designs, ensuring
	long-term functionality and minimal
	maintenance.
	1.8. Incorporate safety considerations in design,
	adhering to industry standards, regulations,
	and best practices to protect users and the environment.
	environment. 1.9. Understand how modern tools, such as
	computer-aided design (CAD) software and
	simulation techniques, improve the accuracy
	and efficiency of the design process.
2. Interpret basic technical drawings and	2.1. Understand and identify the key elements of



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schematics.	<ul> <li>technical drawings, including title blocks, scale, dimensions, and symbols used in various engineering disciplines.</li> <li>2.2. Interpret orthographic projections, understanding views such as front, top, and side views to represent 3D objects in 2D space.</li> <li>2.3. Recognize sectional views and their purpose in showing internal features of objects that</li> </ul>
	are not visible in exterior views. 2.4. Understand the use of hidden lines, centerlines, and dimensioning techniques to indicate features that are not immediately
	visible or to represent part locations. 2.5. Identify and interpret common schematic symbols used in electrical, mechanical, and fluid systems, including those for components like resistors, motors, pumps, and valves.
	<ul> <li>2.6. Understand the conventions of tolerance and fits in technical drawings, recognizing how they define acceptable limits for part dimensions.</li> <li>2.7. Road and interpret acceptable drawings, which</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>2.7. Read and interpret assembly drawings, which show how individual components are assembled into a complete product or system.</li><li>2.8. Recognize the importance of scale in technical drawings to ensure accurate representation</li></ul>
	of sizes and proportions. 2.9. Apply the information from technical drawings and schematics to visualize and communicate the design, assembly, or operation of mechanical or electrical systems.
3. Gain an introductory understanding of Computer-Aided Design (CAD) and its application in engineering design.	3.1. Understand the basic concepts and principles of Computer-Aided Design (CAD), including its role in creating, modifying, and optimizing engineering designs.
	<ul> <li>3.2. Identify the key features of CAD software, such as drawing tools, 3D modeling, simulation, and rendering capabilities.</li> <li>3.3. Gain knowledge of different types of CAD systems, including 2D drafting, 3D modeling,</li> </ul>
	and parametric design, and how they are applied in various engineering fields. 3.4. Learn how CAD tools help in visualizing

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complex designs, facilitating the creation of
precise drawings, and improving design
accuracy.
3.5. Understand the advantages of CAD over
traditional hand-drawing methods, including
enhanced design efficiency, ease of
modification, and collaboration.
3.6. Explore the role of CAD in integrating with
other engineering tools, such as Finite
Element Analysis (FEA) and Computer-Aided
Manufacturing (CAM), to optimize product
performance and manufacturability.
3.7. Recognize how CAD systems support the
creation of digital prototypes, enabling faster
testing, iteration, and validation of designs.
3.8. Understand the importance of CAD in
improving communication among team
members, as well as with clients and
manufacturers, through the sharing of digital
files.
3.9. Explore the basic workflow of CAD software,
from concept creation and drawing to 3D
modeling and the preparation of technical
drawings for production.



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